

Applied Algebra 2  
Chapter 9 Review

~~a.c~~  
~~b~~

Name KEY

Simplify:

$$1. \frac{x^2 - 16}{x^2 + x - 12} \rightarrow \frac{-16}{4 \cancel{-4}} =$$

$$2. \frac{4x^2}{2x^2 + 3x}$$

$$3. \frac{x^2 - 2x - 8}{x^2 - 5x + 4} \rightarrow$$

~~4~~  
~~-12~~  
~~4~~  
~~-3~~

$$\frac{(x+4)(x-4)}{(x+4)(x-3)}$$

$$\frac{4x^2}{x(2x+3)} =$$

$$\frac{(x-4)(x+2)}{(x-4)(x-1)} =$$

$$\boxed{\frac{(x-4)}{(x-3)}}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{4x}{2x+3}}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{(x+2)}{(x-1)}}$$

Multiply then simplify.

$$4. \frac{3x^2 - 12}{5x - 10} \cdot \frac{1}{2x + 4}$$

~~2~~  
~~-4~~  
~~0~~  
~~-2~~

$$5. \frac{4x^2y^3}{x^5y^6} \cdot \frac{xy}{20x^3} = \frac{4x^3y^4}{20x^8y^6} =$$

$$\frac{3(x^2 - 4)}{5(x-2)} \cdot \frac{1}{2(x+2)}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{5x^5y^2}}$$

$$\frac{3(x+2)(x-2)}{5(x-2)} \cdot \frac{1}{2(x+2)} =$$

$$\boxed{\frac{3}{10}}$$

$$6. \frac{x^2 - 16}{x - 9} \cdot \frac{x^2 + x - 90}{x^2 + 14x + 40} \rightarrow$$

~~10~~  
~~-90~~  
~~1~~  
~~-9~~

$$7. \frac{x - 8}{x^2 - 2x - 48} \cdot \frac{4x^2 + 40x}{x + 10}$$

~~4~~  
~~-16~~  
~~0~~  
~~-4~~

$$\frac{(x+4)(x-4)}{(x-8)} \cdot \frac{(x+10)(x-9)}{(x+10)(x+4)}$$

$$\frac{(x-8)}{(x-8)(x+6)} \cdot \frac{4x}{(x+10)} =$$

$$\boxed{(x-4)}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{4x}{(x+6)}}$$

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$$8. \frac{6x^2 + 7x + 1}{7x + 49} \div \frac{2x + 2}{2x + 14}$$

~~6~~  
~~7~~

$$9. \frac{x}{x^2 - 4} \div \frac{5x^2}{x - 2}$$

$$= \frac{x}{(x+2)(x-2)} \cdot \frac{(x-2)}{5x^2}$$

$$\frac{(6x+1)(x+1)}{7(x+7)} \cdot \frac{2x+14}{2x+2} = \frac{6x^2 + 6x^2 + 1x + 1}{6x(x+1) \cdot 1(x+1)}$$

~~-4~~  
~~2~~  
~~0~~

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{5x(x+2)}}$$

$$\frac{(6x+1)(x+1)}{7(x+2)} \cdot \frac{2(x+2)}{8(x+1)} = \boxed{\frac{(6x+1)}{7}}$$

$$10. \frac{4y^2}{9x} \div \frac{16xy^2}{27}$$

$$\frac{4y^2}{9x} \cdot \frac{27^3}{16xy^2} = \boxed{\frac{3}{4x^2}}$$

$$11. (x+7) \div \frac{x^2 + 9x + 14}{x^2 + 5x + 6}$$

$$\frac{(x+7)}{1} \cdot \frac{x^2 + 5x + 6}{x^2 + 9x + 14} \rightarrow \frac{(x+7)}{1} \cdot \frac{(x+2)(x+3)}{(x+7)(x+2)} = \boxed{(x+3)}$$

Add then simplify.

$$12. \frac{6x^2 + 4x}{x+9} + \frac{8x + 2x^2}{x+9}$$

$$\frac{6x^2 + 4x + 8x + 2x^2}{x+9} = \boxed{\frac{8x^2 + 12x}{x+9}}$$

$$13. \frac{9x}{x-4} + \frac{-3}{x+2} * \text{LCD} = (x-4)(x+2)$$

$$\frac{9x(x+2) - 3(x-4)}{(x-4)(x+2)} =$$

$$\frac{9x^2 + 18x - 3x + 12}{(x-4)(x+2)} = \boxed{\frac{9x^2 + 15x + 12}{(x-4)(x+2)}}$$

Subtract then simplify.

$$14. \frac{7x+2}{x^2+7} - \frac{-6x-2}{x^2+7}$$

$$15. \frac{(2)12x}{(2)5x^4} - \frac{3x(5x)}{2x^3(5x)} * \text{LCD} = 10x^4$$

$$\frac{7x+2 - (-6x-2)}{x^2+7}$$

$$\frac{24x - 15x^2}{10x^4} =$$

$$\frac{7x+2 + 6x+2}{x^2+7} = \boxed{\frac{13x+4}{x^2+7}}$$

$$\frac{3x(8-5x)}{10x^4} = \boxed{\frac{3(8-5x)}{10x^3}}$$

# CH. 9 REVIEW

Solve the equation using any method. Check each solution.

16.  $\frac{x}{x-3} = \frac{6}{x-3}$

$$\frac{x}{x-3} = \frac{6}{x-3}$$

$x = 6$

18.  $\frac{3}{x-1} - 6 = \frac{5x}{x-1}$

$$\frac{3}{x-1} - \frac{6(x-1)}{x-1} = \frac{5x}{x-1}$$

$$3 - 6x + 6 = 5x$$

$$\cancel{-6x} + 9 = 5x$$

$$+6x \quad \quad \quad +6x$$

$$\frac{9}{11} = \frac{x}{11}$$

$x = \frac{9}{11}$

Simplify the complex fraction.

20.  $\frac{\frac{6}{x-1} - 3}{\frac{3}{x}}$

$$\left( \frac{6}{x-1} - 3 \right) \div \left( \frac{3}{x} \right)$$

$$\left( \frac{6}{x-1} - \frac{3(x-1)}{(x-1)} \right) \div \left( \frac{3}{x} \right)$$

$$\left( \frac{6-3x+3}{x-1} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{x}{3} \right)$$

$$\frac{9-3x}{(x-1)} \cdot \frac{x}{3}$$

17.  $\frac{2}{x+1} = \frac{1}{x-2}$

\*Cross multiply

$$2(x-2) = 1(x+1)$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2x-4 & = & x+1 \\ -x & & -x \\ \hline x-4 & = & 1 \\ +4+4 & & \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$x = 5$

19.  $\frac{-10}{x+7} = x$

$$\frac{-10}{x+7} = \frac{x}{1}$$

\*Cross multiply

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -10(1) & = & x(x+7) \\ -10 & = & x^2 + 7x \\ +10 & & +10 \\ \hline 0 & = & x^2 + 7x + 10 \\ 0 & = & (x+5)(x+2) \end{array}$$

$x = -5, -2$

21. 
$$\frac{\frac{x-3}{10x^5}}{\frac{x^2-9}{8x^3}} = \frac{x-3}{10x^5} \div \frac{x^2-9}{8x^3} =$$

$$\frac{x-3}{10x^5} \cdot \frac{8x^3}{x^2-9} \rightarrow \cancel{3} \cancel{x^2}$$

$$\frac{(x-3)}{10x^8} \cdot \frac{8x^3}{(x+3)(x-3)}$$

$\frac{4}{5x^2(x+3)}$