

Reteaching 9-5

Factoring Trinomials of the Type $x^2 + bx + c$

OBJECTIVE: Factoring trinomials of the type $x^2 + bx + c$

MATERIALS: Tiles

Examples

Factor $x^2 + 6x + 8$.

$$(x \quad)(x \quad)$$

$$+1 \text{ and } +8 \quad -1 \text{ and } -8$$

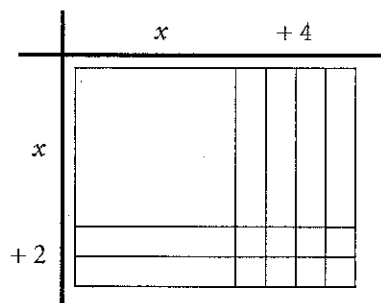
$$\textcircled{+2} \text{ and } \textcircled{+4} \quad -2 \text{ and } -4$$

$$(x + 2)(x + 4)$$

← Write factors of x^2 , the first term of the trinomial, at the beginning of each set of parentheses. Note that the coefficient of x^2 is 1.

← List pairs of numbers that are factors of +8, which is the constant term of the trinomial. Choose the pair of factors that add to equal +6, the coefficient of the middle term of the trinomial.

← Write those two factors, with their signs, at the end of each set of parentheses.



← The trinomial $x^2 + 6x + 8$ represents the area of a rectangle with side of length $(x + 4)$ and $(x + 2)$.

Factor $x^2 + 4x - 21$.

$$(x \quad)(x \quad)$$

$$-1 \text{ and } +21 \quad +1 \text{ and } -21$$

$$-3 \text{ and } +7 \quad +3 \text{ and } -7$$

$$(x - 3)(x + 7)$$

← List pairs of numbers that are factors of -21.

← Choose the pair of factors that add to equal +4.

Exercises

Factor each expression.

1. $y^2 + 11y + 18$

2. $x^2 - 8x + 15$

3. $x^2 - 11x + 18$

4. $y^2 - 5y + 4$

5. $x^2 + 6x + 8$

6. $y^2 - 8y + 12$

7. $r^2 + 13r + 12$

8. $x^2 - 16x + 39$

9. $x^2 - 10x + 16$

10. $x^2 - x - 2$

11. $x^2 - 4x - 32$

12. $x^2 - 7x - 18$

13. $x^2 + 7x + 10$

14. $x^2 - 11x + 24$

15. $x^2 + 16x + 63$